Case 3:07-cv-05046-RBL-KLS Document 3 Filed 02/14/2007 Page 1 of 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON 9 AT TACOMA 10 TERRANCE T. POWELL, 11 Case No. C07-5046RBL-KLS Petitioner, 12 REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION TO DENY v. 13 APPLICATION TO PROCEED JOHN GAY, et al. IN FORMA PAUPERIS 14 Respondents. Noted for March 9, 2007 15 16 17 This case has been referred to Magistrate Judge Karen L. Strombom pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 18 636(b)(1) and Local MJR 3 and 4. Petitioner is an inmate at the Florence Correctional Center, located at 19 Florence, Arizona. He has filed a petition for writ of habeas corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254 and an 20 application to proceed in forma pauperis. (Dkt. #1). Because petitioner appears to have sufficient funds 21 with which to pay the \$5.00 Court filing fee, the undersigned recommends the Court deny the application. 22 **DISCUSSION** 23 The district court may permit indigent litigants to proceed in forma pauperis upon completion of a 24 proper affidavit of indigency. See 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a). However, the district court has broad discretion in 25 denying an application to proceed in forma pauperis. Weller v. Dickson, 314 F.2d 598 (9th Cir. 1963), 26 cert. denied, 375 U.S. 845 (1963). 27 Several district courts have ruled that denial of *in forma pauperis* status is not unreasonable when a 28 prisoner is able to pay the initial expenses required to commence a lawsuit. See Temple v. Ellerthorpe, 586 REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION Page - 1

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F.Supp. 848 (D.R.I. 1984); <u>Braden v. Estelle</u>, 428 F.Supp. 595 (S.D.Tex. 1977); <u>U.S. ex rel. Irons v. Com. of Pa.</u>, 407 F.Supp. 746 (M.D.Pa. 1976); <u>Shimabuku v. Britton</u>, 357 F.Supp. 825 (D.Kan. 1973), *aff'd*, 503 F.2d 38 (10th Cir. 1974); <u>Ward v. Werner</u>, 61 F.R.D. 639 (M.D.Pa. 1974).

By requesting the Court to proceed *in forma pauperis*, petitioner is asking the government to incur the filing fee because he allegedly is unable to afford the costs necessary to proceed with his petition for *habeas corpus*. The answers plaintiff provides in his application and the information contained in his prison trust account statement show that he earns approximately \$60.00 per month working as a prisoner employee, of which he apparently nets \$56.00 per month. While the undersigned recognizes that the funds to which petitioner has access may not appear to be great, given the fact that a prisoner's basic needs are provided for while incarcerated and the minimal filing fee required to proceed with this action (\$5.00), it is not unreasonable to expect petitioner to pay that fee from his monthly earnings.

CONCLUSION

Because it is reasonable to expect petitioner to incur the costs to proceed with his petition, the undersigned recommends that the Court deny his application to proceed *in forma pauperis*. Accordingly, the undersigned also recommends that the Court order petitioner to pay the required filing fee **within thirty (30) days** of the court's order.

Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1) and Federal Rule of Civil Procedure ("Fed. R. Civ. P.") 72(b), the parties shall have ten (10) days from service of this Report and Recommendation to file written objections thereto. See also Fed.R.Civ.P. 6. Failure to file objections will result in a waiver of those objections for purposes of appeal. Thomas v. Arn, 474 U.S. 140 (1985). Accommodating the time limit imposed by Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(b), the clerk is directed set this matter for consideration on **March 9, 2007**, as noted in the caption.

Dated this 14th day of February, 2007.

Karen L. Strombom

United States Magistrate Judge